Type/Status: Compulsory

Course Code: VIAD E2015

Title: Art of Polonnaruwa Period-An Overview

Learning Outcomes: Upon completion of the course the student will be able to

describe stylistic characteristics of Polonnaruwa art using a

broad art historical vocabulary, appreciate the archaeological

and artisticvalue of art, and describe the relationshipbetween

politics, religion, and art.

Course content: Buddhist monasteries and associated buildings, image houses,

royal palaces and associated constructions, Hindu temples, architectural ornamentations in stucco, Buddhist sculpture in stone and stucco, Buddhist and Hindu sculptures inbronze, stone carvings, paintings at Tivanka image house and Dimbulagala.

Method of Teachingand Learning:

Lectures and audio-visual aids.

Scheme of Assessment: 100% end of year examination

Recommended Reading:

Bandaranayake, S. (2006) . Rock and Wall Paintings of Sri Lanka. Colombo: Stanford Lake (Pvt) Ltd.

Saparamadu, S.D. (1955). The Ceylon Historical Journal (Vol. IV). Dehiwala: Tisara Prakasakayo.

Schroeder, Ulrich Von. (1992). The Golden Age of the Sculpture inSriLanka: Masterpieces of Buddhist and Hindu Bronzes from museums of Sri Lanka. Hong Kong: Visual Dharma Publications.

Coomaraswamy, A.K. (1914). Bronzes of Ceylon, Chiefly inColomboMuseum, *Memoirs of Colombo Museum*, Series A.No.1. Edited by Joseph Pearson, Department of Government Museums, Colombo.

Premathilake, P.L. (1990). Architecture of the PolonnaruwaPeriod-inArchitecture, Archaeological Department Centenary Commemorative Series, Vol. III, Ed. NandadevaWijesekara, Colombo.